

Table with 2 columns: Space, Price. Rows include 1 inch, 2 columns, 3 columns, 4 columns, 5 columns, 6 columns, 7 columns, 8 columns, 9 columns, 10 columns.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST.—Rev. T. Robinson. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday school at 12 M.

CATHOLIC.—Rev. Wm. Conidine. Mass every morning at 8 o'clock. Sabbath services at 8 and 10:30 A. M. Catechism at 12 M. and 2:00 P. M. Vespers, 8:00 P. M.

CONGREGATIONAL.—Rev. W. S. Sly. Services, at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Young people's meeting, Sabbath evening, at 6 o'clock. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, at 7 o'clock. Sunday School, immediately after morning services.

LUTHERAN.—Rev. Gottlieb Robertus. Services, one Sabbath at 10:30 A. M., alternate Sabbath at 2 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M.

METHODIST.—Rev. J. H. McIntosh. Services at 10:30 A. M. and 7 P. M. Prayer meeting, Tuesday and Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. Sunday school immediately after morning services.



90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passenger Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING WEST.

Mail Train..... 8:52 A. M. Grand Rapids Express..... 9:05 P. M. Evening Express..... 9:52 P. M.

GOING EAST.

Night Express..... 5:05 A. M. Grand Rapids Express..... 9:55 A. M. Mail Train..... 9:59 P. M.

Wm. MARTIN, Agent.

O. W. RUGGLES, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Chicago.

Tickets may be obtained at this station to any part of U. S. or Canada by giving twenty-four hours notice to the ticket agent, Jas. Smeer.

MAILS CLOSE.

GOING EAST. GOING WEST. 9:30 A. M. 8:30 A. M. 4:40 P. M. 10:35 A. M. 7:00 P. M. 5:45 P. M. 7:30 P. M. THOS. MCKONE, P. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CITY BARBER SHOP. FRANK SHAEVER. Two doors west of Woods & Knapp's hardware store. Work done quickly and in first-class style.

FIRE! FIRE!!

If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of \$45,000,000.

Parker's SPAVIN CURE

IS UNEQUALLED as an application to horses for the cure of Spavin, Rheumatism, Splints, Navicular Joints, and all severe Lameness, also for truck use when reduced. Price \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by druggists. Strong testimonials on application. E. W. BAKER, Sole Proprietor, ASTORIA, N. O. Trade supplied by JAS. E. DAVIS & Co., Detroit, Mich.; Peter Van Schneck & Sons, Chicago, Ill.; Meyer Bros & Co., St. Louis, Mo.



A FULL LINE

Of Fall and Winter Hats, Trimmings, etc., at

MRS. STAFFANS.

Rooms in the Durand & Hatch block.

IMPORTANT.

If you have repairing in Watches, Clocks, or Jewelry, and if in want of a good Watch or Clock, or Jewelry, go to

L. & A. WINANS.

All Goods and Repairing Warranted to give satisfaction.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

COMMENCED AT

Kempf & Schenk's.

Now! BIGGEST

DRIVES

Ever offered on

DRY GOODS

At

KEMPf AND SCHENK'S.

TWO HUNDRED

CLOAKS

Must be sold at

KEMPf & SCHENK'S.

GENUINE

CLEARING SALE

CLOTHING

AT

KEMPf & SCHENK'S.

LOCAL BREVIETIES.

Salt, \$1.

Eggs, 18c.

Oats, 30 cents.

Dressed pork 6c.

Butter, per lb., 18c.

Apples, per bushel, 75c.

Wheat, per bushel, 78 cents.

Miss Emma Kempf, is visiting her parents during vacation.

L. K. Taylor of Detroit, spent Christmas with his parents here.

S. R. Wright, of Ann Arbor, spent Christmas with friends here.

Our teachers and scholars are having a vacation until next Tuesday.

Mr. Godfrey Kempf has been visiting his family here the past few days.

Tim Denslow and family left last Tuesday for Lodi to go on their farm.

A love letter forty years on the way has just been received by a Manchester lady.

There will be a dance at Town Hall Friday eve, Dec. 30, '87. All are invited.

Mrs. B. Steinbach left for Detroit last Tuesday to visit friends for a few days.

During November 31,000 yards of cloth were made at the Clinton woolen mills.

Miss Nellie A. Copeland of this village, spend the Holidays with parents in Dexter.

Tommy Speer and Fred Freer were paying their many friends here a visit during Christmas.

Our churches made a fine display of everything to please the old and young on Christmas day.

Rubber boots are the latest among Jackson young ladies. The next thing will be the rubber hose.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Sparks and family of Jackson, spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Hooyer.

The "Temperance Bugle" is the name of the new paper started in Stockbridge by Miss Jennie McIntyre.

It is expected that the Salem Baptist church will be completed and ready for occupancy in January.

Farmers are now feasting upon spare ribs, back bone etc., to their hearts content and a very fine diet, too.

Ye editor and wife thank Mrs. Capt. Geo. B. Austin, of Damarascotta, Maine, for a beautiful Christmas present.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Pomeroy, of Jackson spent several days of this week with relatives and friends in this place.

Mrs. James McLaren of this city, visited her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Dan McLaren, near Dexter, Monday and Tuesday.

Bring on corn in the ear or shelled grain, and have it ground on Friday or Saturday, 16 B. STRINBACH, Chelsea.

Ohio people are trying to boom Whit more Lake in this state, as a summer resort and will put up some fine cottages there.

John H. McIntosh Jr., who is on the W. U. Telegraphic force, in Chicago, is spending the Holidays with his parents in Chelsea.

Dan McLaren and little son Wirt, spent Sunday with their wife and mother in Dexter, who was then dangerously ill, but at present on the mend.

The M. E. church was filled to overflowing last Sunday evening, to witness the Christmas concert. All present were well pleased with the entertainment.

Tim Fallen of Detroit, spent Christmas with his family here. He left last Tuesday, accompanied by his son George, who intends to work at the printing business.

"A Watch Meeting" service will be held in the M. E. church, next Saturday evening, Dec. 31st, 1887. The meeting will open at 8 o'clock and close as the clock strikes twelve.

A new year's ball will be given Monday evening, January 2nd, by the Manchester German Workmen. As this is their sixteenth annual ball, the occasion has come to be looked forward to.

Itch, mange and scratches of every kind on human or animal cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, druggist, Chelsea, Mich. n88

Peter J. Lehman and Elmer Kirkby, our law students were examined by Judge Joslyn, for admission to the bar on Friday last. The examination, Judge Joslyn reports, reflects credit on the young men. They are already now to "sing" out the shingle as attorneys-at-law.

Report of school district No. 5, Sylvan: Names of scholars whose department and average standing, for the month ending December 9th, were 80 or over. Mamie Fletcher, Cora Fletcher; Bert Riggs, Jennie Hathaway, Sattie Gage, Myra Gage, Elmer Gage, Willie Gage, Willie Osterlie, Lizzie Osterlie, Hattie Fletcher, Ella Hallett, Willie Hallett, Phebe Fish. Number enrolled, 25. MAGGIE L. DOLL, Teacher.

Many of our citizens will undoubtedly avail themselves of the rare opportunity of seeing the talented actress, Modjeska, who will appear at the Grand Opera House, Ann Arbor, on the 10th of Jan'y. On that occasion she will present Shakespeare's pleasing comedy of "Twelfth Night," assuming the role of "Viola," one of her most charming characters. Booth and Borrett will appear at the same house on May 7th. Paste this in your hat and remember the date.

The Greatest Medicine of the Age.

Kellogg's Columbian (No) is a powerful remedy, which can be taken internally as well as externally by the tenderest infant.

It cures almost instantly, is pleasant, acting directly upon the nervous system, causing a sudden buoyancy of the mind.

In short, the wonderful effects of this wonderful remedy cannot be explained in written language. A single dose inhaled and taken according to directions will convince any one that it is all that is claimed for it.

Warranted to cure the following diseases: Rheumatism or Kidney Disease in any form, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Flesh Wounds, Bunions, Burns, Corns, Spinal Affection, Colic, Cramping Pains, Cholera Morbus, Flux, Diarrhoea, Coughs, Colds, Bronchial Affection, Catarrh, and all aches and pains, external or internal.

Full directions with each bottle. For sale by F. P. Glazier. v17n87

For Sale.

20 acres of land 1 1/2 miles northwest of Chelsea, or will exchange for good team of horses, inquire of T. J. Brooks, Chelsea. n17.



WHAT HE LEFT.

'Twas 'bout 10 a. m. when he came into our store. Rid'n wasn't very good, so walked. Been wait'n a watch sometime. He loved he needed shoes too, but hadn't money nuf to get both, 'n he's goin to have a stem windin, silver back-actin, yard-wide, all wool watch, er bust. The neighbors all said fur him to go to Glazier's; he had the best stock and didn't have but one price on em. Common feller could buy a watch of him as cheap as the Prince of Wales, 'n he warrants em, 'n stays by em like er pig to a root, to see that they give satisfaction, 'n he guessed he'd take that huntin case stem winder with that sand-hill crane wader in a puddle of bullrashes. Well he took it and saved enough on the price over what he expected; so that while I fitted the movement in the case he went out and got him a good pair of shoes. He came back smiling and presented me with his old shoes, saying that I had saved him enough on his watch to get him a dogon good pair of shoes, and he proposed to make me a present of his old ones to show his gratitude. The shoes are now on exhibition at my store. F. P. GLAZIER.

HOAG'S BAZAAR.

What would make a more useful and handsome

New Years Present

than a Hanging Lamp, or a nice set of China or Decorated Tea and Dinner Ware.

We are in receipt of some new sets of Table Ware, and as we desire to sell all of our Library Lamps before Feb. 1st. We will make special inducements to close them out.

We invite you to examine goods and prices.

HOAG'S BAZAAR.

OUR ANNUAL REDUCTION SALE

Commences Dec. 31st and Closes Saturday January 29th 1888.

We shall sell during our Sale the following goods Cheap, and when we say cheap we mean it.

Dress Goods, Flannels, Blankets, Denims, Ticks, Shirts, Brown and Bleached Cottons, Cotton Flannels, Table Linens, Napkins, Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, etc.

CLOAKS.

We also have some great bargains in Cloaks. We have 100 Garments which will sell for

One-Half Marked Price.

Astrachan Cloaks Cheap; Childrens Garments at your own price.

CLOTHING.

We are very much overloaded in this department and will sell any suit or overcoat in our store for ONE FOURTH OFF.

OVERALLS.

We also have 200 pair of overalls, bought to sell for 75c, we will sell them during our sale at 55 cents per pair. Will also sell 50 Denim Jackets for 50 cents each. Big bargains in All Wool Underwear, Shirts, Hosiery, Gloves, Mittens, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Bags, Umbrellas, etc.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

This department is undoubtedly the largest and most complete of any similar stock carried by a general store in Michigan. Our sales are large and we will make it an object for all who purchase during this sale. Full line of Alfred Dolge's Felt Shoes and Slippers. Rubber goods, Pontiac Felt Boots etc.

MERCHANT TAILORING DEPARTMENT, J. J. Raftrey, Manager.

We shall offer special inducements on clothing made to order during January.

We invite all who have money, butter, eggs, or dried apples to spare, to call on us during this our great annual January sale.

Respectfully, H. S. HOLMES & CO.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE BY

Geo. F. Glazier's Loan and Real Estate Agency, Chelsea, Mich.

Farm No. 1—270 acres, located 2 miles south of Francisco, 6 miles west from Chelsea, 5 miles east of Grass Lake, adjoining Michael Schenk's farm on the south, known as the Wales Riggs farm. One of the best soil farms in Michigan. There is a comfortable frame house, a large frame barn 114 feet long, 2 small barns, 2 good wells of water, wind mill, corn crib, carriage house and tool house, orchard and a fine vineyard of one acre. 180 acres of land fit for the plow, besides ample woodland. In all it is one of the best grain and stock farms in Michigan to make money from.

Farm No. 2—80 acres, situated 6 miles southwest of Ann Arbor, on good road. Nearly all good improved land, having a living stream of water, good orchard, very productive sandy loam soil. A bargain at \$50 per acre. 10 acres additional of excellent timber, if wanted, at \$88 per acre. Would make a very complete farm.

Farm No. 3—200 acres, located 2 1/2 miles from Chelsea, on prominent road, in good neighborhood, near church and school house and blacksmith shop. 175 acres of plow land, 25 acres of timber, 20 acres good mowing marsh, 16 acres of low pasture with living stream of water through it. The northwest corner of this farm is the highest, gently sloping to southeast, protecting wheat from winter winds. It has a fine young orchard of graded fruit just coming into bearing. The buildings are unusually good, consisting of a frame dwelling house, upright and wing each 18x26, two stories, kitchen 15x18, wood shed 15x20. A fine basement barn 36x50 with gambrel roof, built in 1885, also hog house and ketle room, corn crib, carriage house and workshop attached, but house 18x20, tool shed, and 2 good wells. Sandy loam, about buildings but most of farm is a clay loam and is a superior grain and stock farm in excellent condition. The owner was offered four years ago, \$70 per acre, but will sell at a sacrifice that he may remove to California. Price, \$60 per acre.

Farm No. 4—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 5—280 acres, 2 1/2 miles east of Chelsea, 4 miles from Dexter village, 1 1/2 miles from German Methodist church, on prominent road, a large commodious frame house, pleasantly situated near a fine lake, a barn 36x56, also one 36x50, horse barn 30x36, corn barn 18x20, and other improvements, in good repair; 4 acres of orchard, 140 acres plow land, 60 acres good timber, 30 acres of mowing meadow, 50 acres of pasture and marsh. Strong gravelly loam soil, a good stock and sward crop farm. Price \$60 per acre.

Farm No. 6—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 7—280 acres, 2 1/2 miles east of Chelsea, 4 miles from Dexter village, 1 1/2 miles from German Methodist church, on prominent road, a large commodious frame house, pleasantly situated near a fine lake, a barn 36x56, also one 36x50, horse barn 30x36, corn barn 18x20, and other improvements, in good repair; 4 acres of orchard, 140 acres plow land, 60 acres good timber, 30 acres of mowing meadow, 50 acres of pasture and marsh. Strong gravelly loam soil, a good stock and sward crop farm. Price \$60 per acre.

Farm No. 8—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 9—280 acres, 2 1/2 miles east of Chelsea, 4 miles from Dexter village, 1 1/2 miles from German Methodist church, on prominent road, a large commodious frame house, pleasantly situated near a fine lake, a barn 36x56, also one 36x50, horse barn 30x36, corn barn 18x20, and other improvements, in good repair; 4 acres of orchard, 140 acres plow land, 60 acres good timber, 30 acres of mowing meadow, 50 acres of pasture and marsh. Strong gravelly loam soil, a good stock and sward crop farm. Price \$60 per acre.

Farm No. 10—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 11—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 12—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 13—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 14—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 15—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 16—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 17—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 18—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory and walnut timber; 25 acres of good mowing marsh, with good living stream of water through it; 3 acres of orchard; 2 good frame dwellings, a frame stock and hay barn, a grain barn and 3 good wells of water. This farm is nicely arranged to divide into 3 farms. All health is the cause of owner selling. Price \$50 per acre.

Farm No. 19—100 acres, 8 1/2 miles N. W. of Chelsea, 8 1/2 miles from Gregory, 2 miles from Unadilla, 4 churches within 2 miles, on good road, excellent neighborhood, soil mostly sandy loam, remainder clay, surface level as desirable. 100 acres of plow land, producing excellent crops; 35 acres of good white oak, hickory

M. GREY saw twelve Cabinets, with 120 Ministers, serve under him while President of France.

A KENTUCKY woman has petitioned the Governor for a pension because she has seven sons all born on Sunday.

COUNT VON MOLTKE is reported to have said recently: "In my youth it was predicted that I should take part in three great wars. I have taken part in two."

In 1839 about twelve persons out of every thousand were arrested in London for drunkenness or disorderly conduct. Last year the percentage was only about four.

A GEORGIA court holds that a newspaper man can not be compelled by the grand jury to testify in a case where he had pledged his word to keep the source of his information secret.

UNITED STATES SENATOR MITCHELL, of Oregon, now a millionaire several times over, delights to remember that when he first landed in the Territory he hadn't money enough to buy a table for his office, and no dealer would give him one on credit.

A YEAR ago Miss Moore, of Cincinnati, went to visit friends in Los Angeles, Cal. She had a few hundred dollars with her, which she invested in Southern California lands, and in the boom that followed she sold out her property at a net gain of \$125,000.

The Oklahoma Settlers' Association is increasing in membership rapidly, and it is reported that arms are being distributed among the boomers so that they may be prepared to take forcible possession of the territory in dispute if Congress does not throw it open for settlement by April 1.

DR. CHARLES F. McDONALD, head of the postal money order branch of the Post-office Department at Washington, claims to be the first Irish-American graduated from Harvard. He has been in the Post-office Department longer than any other man. He is the father of the postal money-order system employed by the United States.

Miss GRACE DODGE has organized thirteen clubs for the working-girls of New York. One of these is presided over by Miss Clara Potter, daughter of Bishop Potter. It includes a boarding-house, classes in dressmaking, cookery and elocution, and evening entertainments in which the working-girls themselves are the chief performers.

A SHORT time ago Mr. and Mrs. Brewer, of Sylvania, O., buried a child. They were almost heartbroken, but were comforted by the fact that they still had three bright little boys, aged ten, seven and four years, in their family. The other day William Brewer, the father, and George Cory went to the woods to cut logs, the three boys accompanying them. A tree fell in the opposite direction from what the men intended and all three of the children were killed.

A NEW YORK man says that the great drawback to electric street railways is that you can not ride even a block on one of those cars without having your watch completely magnetized and ruined so far as time-keeping is concerned. All the electric roads have the same difficulty, and the inventors, although they have been trying for years, have not yet succeeded in discovering a remedy. Until that defect is removed, no electric street railway will be a success.

SYLVIA DUBOIS, a negress, who resides in a tumble-down hut at the base of the Sourland mountain, near Flemington, N. J., is reported to be over one hundred and twenty-four years old. She is clear-headed, can recite old-time reminiscences with considerable gusto, but denies, ever having nursed George Washington or cooked for Napoleon. She is living with her daughter, Elizabeth, who is eighty years of age. Her appetite is good, and she expects to live ten years longer.

Mrs. JOHN JACOB ASTOR, who died recently in New York, was a woman who rose above the tempting diversions her great wealth afforded and did signal work as a practical philanthropist. Children's aid societies, industrial schools and lodging houses were favorite objects of Mrs. Astor's benevolence, and the wisdom with which she strove to help the poor to help themselves made her gifts doubly useful. Mrs. Astor was sixty-one years of age. Her husband and a son, well known as a diplomat and author, survive her.

REV. F. F. JEWELL, a Methodist preacher of San Jose, Cal., has wonderfully stirred up the temperance people out there, and the intemperate too, by appearing in a circular to all religious and temperance organizations to file protests to be presented to Senator Stanford, asking him not to endow his new university with money derived from the sale of wine. Mr. Jewell says that if he does the university will be founded on the ruin many young men. A large part of the funds that form its endowment are devoted to grape growing.

SEBASTIAN S. MARBLE, who, by the death of Governor Bodwell, becomes the Chief Executive of Maine, is a native of Dixfield, Me. In early life he worked in the saw-mills. He received a common-school education, and has been a teacher of schools in Maine, Mississippi and Louisiana. He fitted himself for the bar, and began the practice of his profession at Waldoboro, where he has since resided. He first entered the Legislature, as Senator from Lincoln County, in 1883. He has been twice re-elected, and at the last session was chosen President of the Senate.

Epitome of the Week.

INTERESTING NEWS COMPILATION.

FIFTIETH CONGRESS.

TUESDAY, Dec. 20 - Numerous petitions from various States were presented in the Senate in favor of Blaine's educational bill, and also a petition from the citizens of Pennsylvania protesting against the admission of Utah as a State. Bills were introduced to place the name of Mrs. John A. Logan on the pension roll at the rate of \$2,000 a year; to quiet the title of settlers on the Des Moines river lands; providing that retail liquor dealers and cigar manufacturers and dealers who carry on their business without having been licensed shall be liable to a fine of \$500 or imprisonment in a county jail for one year. Several pension bills were also introduced. The following nominations were confirmed: Charles S. Fairchild, of New York, to be Secretary of the Treasury; George I. Rice, of New York, Assistant Secretary of State; Isaac H. Maynard, of New York, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; James W. Hyatt, of Connecticut, United States Treasurer. In the House no business was transacted.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 21 - In the Senate a bill was passed providing for the appointment of a sub-committee at a salary of \$5,000. A resolution was adopted providing for a form of credentials of the election of United States Senators. A bill was introduced to authorize the States of Ohio, Indiana and Illinois to sue the United States in the Supreme Court for any money claimed to be due them on account of the sales of public lands. A long discussion ensued on Mr. Allison's resolution to adjourn over the holidays, but the motion was finally carried. In the House Mr. Randall submitted a partial report from the Committee on Rules, recommending the establishment of a number of new committees.

THURSDAY, Dec. 22 - A bill was passed in the Senate to establish two additional land offices in Colorado. Bills were introduced to provide for the payment of claims for damages aggregating \$14,000,000 by the Indian depredations and to provide for the compulsory education of Indian children. A memorial was presented from the Oregon Legislature asking that the importation or immigration of Chinese and other Asiatic laborers be prohibited and that measures be adopted to rid the country of those already here. A message from the House announced the death of Representative Moffatt, of Michigan. Messrs. Butler, Morgan, Dawes, Cameron and Teller were appointed a committee to investigate the condition of the five civilized tribes of Indians. Adj. Sec. of the Interior, A. B. Hovey, after the offering of several resolutions, Mr. Burrows, of Michigan, announced the death of Representative Moffatt, of Michigan, and an adjournment was ordered till January 4.

FRIDAY, Dec. 23 - The internal revenue collections for the first five months of the present fiscal year amounted to \$31,860,349, being an increase of \$3,854,742 as compared with the corresponding period of last year. The receipts of the Government for December up to the 22d amounted to \$2,187,687.88, being in excess of \$12,927,137 over the disbursements for the same period. The death of Hon. Seth C. Moffatt, Congressman from the Eleventh Michigan district, occurred in Washington on the 22d, at the age of forty-six years. For the eleven months ended November 30 the receipts of British iron and steel into the United States aggregated 1,211,000 tons, against 725,000 tons in a like period of 1886. There were 261 business failures in the United States during the seven days ended on the 23d, against 253 the previous seven days. The General Land office issued 5,179 patents during December, which is a large increase over the record for December last year.

DURING 1887 the total value of the imports of merchandise into this country is placed at \$712,986,918, and the exports amounted to \$727,460,635. IMMIGRATION to the United States from England and Wales during the eleven months ended November 30 was 79,207; from France, 60,961; Scotland, 20,856; Germany, 109,569; Sweden, 10,800; Italy, 68,094; Denmark, 9,068; and Italy, 42,381. These figures are largely in excess of those for the corresponding eleven months of 1886.

THE EAST. In a game of three-ball billiards at Boston on the 21st Harvey McKenna, of Detroit, made a run of 2,487, beating the world's record. On the 21st the escape of naphtha into sewers at Rochester, N. Y., caused explosions in several streets, blowing up the manholes and creating great consternation. The flames accompanying the explosion burned three miles, and four men were killed by falling chimneys. A FIRE on the 21st, at Pittsburgh, Pa., destroyed the dry-goods establishment of Fleishman & Co. and the toy-store of Yeager & Co., causing a loss of \$200,000. A Gas explosion on the 21st in the Nottingham mine at Plymouth, Pa., killed four men. The captain of the steamer Zamana, which arrived at New York on the 21st from Cape Hayti, reported that in a storm off the West Indies seventy vessels were wrecked and twenty-one sailors were drowned. The Collector of Customs at New York was succeeded by Secretary Fairchild on the 22d over one thousand men employed by the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company on their lines running from West Falls to the Port Richmond coal wharves struck because the company had employed several non-union men. At New Bedford, Mass., an earthquake shock was felt early on the morning of the 23d. The story told by the two survivors of the Alfred Watts in Boston a few days ago show that they drifted thirty-two days without a sight of a sail, on the water-logged bulk. Twenty-six men were lost. A FIRE on the 23d destroyed the Western Pennsylvania & New York railroad shops at Oil City, Pa. Loss, \$100,000.

BUSINESS throughout the country was reported active on the 23d by Dan's New York agency, with a good supply of currency. The industrial outlook was not assuring, however, and uncertainty and hesitation affected some branches of production. There were two thousand cases of typhoid fever in Pittsburgh, Pa., during the sixty days ended on the 23d, caused by impure drinking water, and the epidemic was increasing.

WEST AND SOUTH. On the 20th over five hundred representative Indiana Republicans met in conference at Indianapolis and adopted resolutions favoring a protective tariff, pensions, and the expenditure of the surplus on forts, owing to the decision of the Supreme

RAILWAY WRECKS.

Two accidents in which one life was lost and many others were injured occurred on the Wisconsin Central and the other on the Minnesota & Northwestern Road.

HURLED FROM THE TRACK. ASHLAND, Wis., Dec. 24 - The Wisconsin Central passenger train which left Ashland at 6 o'clock Thursday night was derailed at a sharp curve in the heart of the town of Ashland, between Fife and Phillips, and badly wrecked. The sleeping car and first and second coaches were all hurled from the track. There were sixty passengers aboard, of whom one August Munter, of Butternut, was killed, and nearly all the others were more or less seriously hurt. Among the injured are these: Conductor J. H. Greenfield, leg broken and internally hurt; probably die. Thomas Mooney, of Ashland, terribly bruised; will recover. Thomas Schneider, of Ashland, head badly cut and body scratched; George Clemens, of Duluth, his wife and three children, all badly bruised; Mr. Mahoney, of Ashland, severely hurt; Mrs. Sullivan, scalp cut and otherwise seriously hurt; W. W. Dillingham, of Ashland, slightly hurt; Mr. Connelly, of Chippewa Falls; Victor Mason, bruised. The others hurt are not seriously injured.

The train was traveling at a high rate of speed, and was derailed by the breaking of a car in the woods and was piled in a heap. The accident happened at a sharp down-grade curve in a most desolate region, there being nothing on the line for miles except the uninhabited pine barrens. August Mantol, who was killed, attempted to get out of a window first, just as the train was derailed, and was literally torn to pieces. His body was in such a position under the coach that it could not be taken out till late in the day. His head was all that was visible.

The cars immediately took fire, but by the prompt work of Superintendent Wolford, who escaped from the sleeper with his coat and trousers, the fire was prevented. Snow was abundant, and was freely used. Many other sleeping-car passengers aided in the work, and in their night-clothes. Engineer Frank Calkins and his fireman gave prompt aid to the imprisoned people, many of whom were either pained or cut from escape, and in danger of being cremated.

TUMBLING CARS. FREEPORT, Ill., Dec. 24 - A terrible disaster happened to the Minnesota & Northwestern train which passed through here yesterday morning on route for the East with a large excursion party bound for Canadian points. About thirteen miles from here, near German Valley, the train encountered a broken trestle, and the cars, seven in number were all hurled down the twelve-foot embankment on either side. One of the cars was thrown fully fifty feet and turned completely over endways. All the other cars but one were thrown over on their sides and lay on the bank. The loss to the passengers on board the train, although no one was killed, thirty of them were wounded, several dangerously.

One of the coaches caught fire, but the flames were extinguished by the train men before they gained any headway. The wreck was cleared away last night, and the train was able to start on the morning of the 25th. The loss to the road company will probably aggregate nearly \$150,000. The badly injured are being cared for at the neighboring farm-houses. Engineer L. D. Holder, of Chicago, had charge of the locomotive. He says that the train was going at the rate of twenty-two miles an hour. At the spot where the wreck occurred a sharp curve was made, and also makes a sharp curve, coupled with the fact that it is down grade, confirms the railroad men in the opinion that a spread rail was the probable cause of the disaster.

AN EXCELLENT SHOWING. Statistics of the Industrial Boom in the South - Unexampled Progress Made During the Past Year - Alabama Leads in the Number of New Enterprises Started. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Dec. 24 - The Trustees of this city has prepared a tabular statement showing the progress of industrial development during the year in the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia and West Virginia. Appended to the statement is a note to the effect that many of the manufacturing companies incorporated as organized during the year did not, until the closing of the year, and may not do so during the close of another year. The most important enterprises enumerated in the statement and the total number of such enterprises in the thirteen States named are as follows:

Alabama - Seven agricultural implement factories, 4 brick factories, 2 car works, 8 carriage and wagon works, 12 cotton and woolen mills, 17 electric-light works, 16 flour and grist mills, 7 foundries and machine shops, 18 blast furnaces, 43 mining and quarrying companies, 17 natural gas companies, 2 pipe works, 41 railroad companies, 14 rolling mills, 12 water works, 13 wood-working establishments, 600 miscellaneous. The greatest progress is shown in Alabama and Tennessee. In these States the new enterprises are as follows:

Alabama - Seven agricultural implement factories, 4 brick factories, 2 car works, 8 carriage and wagon works, 12 cotton and woolen mills, 17 electric-light works, 16 flour and grist mills, 7 foundries and machine shops, 18 blast furnaces, 43 mining and quarrying companies, 17 natural gas companies, 2 pipe works, 41 railroad companies, 14 rolling mills, 12 water works, 13 wood-working establishments, 600 miscellaneous. The greatest progress is shown in Alabama and Tennessee. In these States the new enterprises are as follows:

Alabama - Seven agricultural implement factories, 4 brick factories, 2 car works, 8 carriage and wagon works, 12 cotton and woolen mills, 17 electric-light works, 16 flour and grist mills, 7 foundries and machine shops, 18 blast furnaces, 43 mining and quarrying companies, 17 natural gas companies, 2 pipe works, 41 railroad companies, 14 rolling mills, 12 water works, 13 wood-working establishments, 600 miscellaneous. The greatest progress is shown in Alabama and Tennessee. In these States the new enterprises are as follows:

Alabama - Seven agricultural implement factories, 4 brick factories, 2 car works, 8 carriage and wagon works, 12 cotton and woolen mills, 17 electric-light works, 16 flour and grist mills, 7 foundries and machine shops, 18 blast furnaces, 43 mining and quarrying companies, 17 natural gas companies, 2 pipe works, 41 railroad companies, 14 rolling mills, 12 water works, 13 wood-working establishments, 600 miscellaneous. The greatest progress is shown in Alabama and Tennessee. In these States the new enterprises are as follows:

Alabama - Seven agricultural implement factories, 4 brick factories, 2 car works, 8 carriage and wagon works, 12 cotton and woolen mills, 17 electric-light works, 16 flour and grist mills, 7 foundries and machine shops, 18 blast furnaces, 43 mining and quarrying companies, 17 natural gas companies, 2 pipe works, 41 railroad companies, 14 rolling mills, 12 water works, 13 wood-working establishments, 600 miscellaneous. The greatest progress is shown in Alabama and Tennessee. In these States the new enterprises are as follows:

Alabama - Seven agricultural implement factories, 4 brick factories, 2 car works, 8 carriage and wagon works, 12 cotton and woolen mills, 17 electric-light works, 16 flour and grist mills, 7 foundries and machine shops, 18 blast furnaces, 43 mining and quarrying companies, 17 natural gas companies, 2 pipe works, 41 railroad companies, 14 rolling mills, 12 water works, 13 wood-working establishments, 600 miscellaneous. The greatest progress is shown in Alabama and Tennessee. In these States the new enterprises are as follows:

Alabama - Seven agricultural implement factories, 4 brick factories, 2 car works, 8 carriage and wagon works, 12 cotton and woolen mills, 17 electric-light works, 16 flour and grist mills, 7 foundries and machine shops, 18 blast furnaces, 43 mining and quarrying companies, 17 natural gas companies, 2 pipe works, 41 railroad companies, 14 rolling mills, 12 water works, 13 wood-working establishments, 600 miscellaneous. The greatest progress is shown in Alabama and Tennessee. In these States the new enterprises are as follows:

Alabama - Seven agricultural implement factories, 4 brick factories, 2 car works, 8 carriage and wagon works, 12 cotton and woolen mills, 17 electric-light works, 16 flour and grist mills, 7 foundries and machine shops, 18 blast furnaces, 43 mining and quarrying companies, 17 natural gas companies, 2 pipe works, 41 railroad companies, 14 rolling mills, 12 water works, 13 wood-working establishments, 600 miscellaneous. The greatest progress is shown in Alabama and Tennessee. In these States the new enterprises are as follows:

Alabama - Seven agricultural implement factories, 4 brick factories, 2 car works, 8 carriage and wagon works, 12 cotton and woolen mills, 17 electric-light works, 16 flour and grist mills, 7 foundries and machine shops, 18 blast furnaces, 43 mining and quarrying companies, 17 natural gas companies, 2 pipe works, 41 railroad companies, 14 rolling mills, 12 water works, 13 wood-working establishments, 600 miscellaneous. The greatest progress is shown in Alabama and Tennessee. In these States the new enterprises are as follows:

THE GREAT NORTHWEST

News Items from Various States and Territories.

Rev. Robert Thompson, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Oregon, was consigned to the insane asylum at Madison the other day. John C. Holmes, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Detroit, dropped dead the other afternoon of apoplexy. Boy's lively barn at Detroit was burned the other night together with six horses, etc. Loss, \$7,500; insurance, \$3,500. Eugene Converse, the Battle Creek lawyer who recently committed bigamy by marrying a young woman at Waukegan, Wis., pleaded guilty of embezzlement at Marshall a few days ago and was sentenced to five years in the Jackson penitentiary. Larry Finn, who beat out his wife's brains with an iron tea-kettle, was convicted of murder in the second degree in Marquette recently. The Argyle mine, twelve miles west of Ishpeming, was recently sold for \$250,000 to Morris Sellers, of Detroit, and other iron manufacturers of Detroit and Chicago. The report of the Commissioner of Labor under the new law taxing mortgages indicates a total mortgaged indebtedness in the State of nearly \$140,000,000, or about twenty per cent of the assessed valuation. Rev. A. H. Mueller, pastor of the German Lutheran Church of West Bay City, was found dead in his bed the other afternoon. He died from a ruptured blood vessel, was twenty-eight years of age, and married. Major W. W. Van Antwerp, postmaster at Jackson, commander of Edward Pomeroy Post, G. A. R., a Knight Templar, and associate editor of the Jackson Patriot, died the other morning of cancer of the liver. Frederick K. Stearns, president of the Detroit Base-Ball Club, has resigned, owing to a pressure of other business. The Baraga Hotel in Marquette the other day, and the remains of a man, supposed to be Mr. Bennick, a lumberman, were found in the ruins. Lyman Thompson, a farmer, living near Schoolcraft, while tearing down an old mill recently was crushed by a falling piece of timber. Silas Decker, a well-to-do farmer of Hadley, Lapeer County, committed suicide by hanging himself in his barn a few days ago. The annual report of the State Inspector shows that 3,944,309 barrels of salt were inspected in Michigan during the present year. There are 142 brackles and 4,500 salt covers in the State, with an estimated capacity of 5,265,000 barrels. About 150,000,000 feet of lumber were cut at Cheboygan last season, the largest cut ever recorded. It falls about 25,000,000 feet short of the amount anticipated the start, but is about 20,000,000 feet in excess of the cut of 1886.

MINNESOTA. At the annual meeting of St. Paul of the Minnesota Association of Trotting and Pacing Horse Owners Commodore N. W. Kittling, of St. Paul, was elected president. A number of ladies at Fairbault have incorporated and will build a home to be known as the "Minnesota Home for Aged and Infirm Women." The thirtieth anniversary of the Lake City First Baptist Church was celebrated recently. The roll call responded to by only three original members. Collector of Customs Moore recently gave out a tabulated report of the season's lake business at Duluth. The arrivals of vessels were 1,234 and clearances 1,238, the total tonnage being 2,030,763 tons. Coal receipts for the year were 1,941,000 tons; ore shipments, 390,467 tons; lumber shipments, 5,000,000 feet, and grain shipments, 20,007,965 bushels. Part of the keel of the first ship ever built at Duluth was laid the other day. She will be 180 feet long, built entirely of steel and cigar-shaped, with turtle-back decks. She is equipped to combine speed, safety and great carrying capacity. The boat will be launched about next July. William Lee, who has been appointed postmaster at St. Paul, is one of the oldest wholesale merchants in Minnesota, but has been living a retired life for some years. Cornelius Higgins' left ear was bitten off by George Burk at Duluth during a little unpleasantness recently. A few nights ago the switchmen in the Winona & St. Peter yards at Winona struck because a third switch-engine had been placed in the yard to dispatch the work. Their places were promptly filled, and the men now acknowledge that they made a mistake. Ewald & Havert, dealers in boots and shoes at Winona, failed recently. Sheriff A. J. Biazler and his assistant, Andrew Armstrong, rode from Duluth to Ada, a few days ago, on a reconnoitering party to Dakota for forgery, were attacked by the father, three brothers and three women, and barely escaped with their lives. The prisoner escaped. The St. Paul ice carnival will open January 20, and close February 4. Captain H. G. Shea, of the Emmet light artillery, left St. Paul recently, and the officials of the State militia have discovered that nearly all the vouchers for money expended for the command are false. Recent reports received at Minneapolis indicated that the wheat crop in the Northwest would exceed the estimates. It was now calculated that the total product of Minnesota and Dakota would be about 95,000,000 bushels.

DAKOTA. The Land Department has decided the contest case initiated by F. G. Small, of Harlow, against J. W. Bell in favor of the heirs of Small. Bell had a fraudulent entry of a timber claim in the name of his father, J. W. Bell, which was contested by Small. This caused a feud, and three years ago Bell met Small on the prairie, branded him with a hatchet dumped the body into a boggy and buried it in a field. The body was found on the prairie, was taken from the jail and hung to a flag-pole by a delegation of citizens. A vein of coal sixteen feet thick has been found at Whitecourt twelve feet below the surface and seventy feet below another vein more than three times as thick. The coal is said to be as good as any in the country. Peter Friedland, a miner of Terraville, into an open cut, while engaged in mining near that place, causing instant death. The amount of \$150 was raised within five minutes at Huron the other day to liquidate a debt of the Presbyterian church. The Bismarck National and the Capital National banks at Bismarck have consolidated under the name of the Capital National Bank. A ledge of chert has been found in the tin district near Rapid City. Bernard G. Gault, who at one time represented the First Illinois district in Congress, died in Deadwood the other morning, aged 58 years. The foundries of Yankton are crowded with work, something unusual at this season of the year. A queen was crowned the other night at Old Fort Pierre, on the Sioux reservation, before an interested crowd of Indians, many of whom traveled for miles to witness the ceremony. Her royal highness was presented with forty buffalo robes and two horses. August Methian, living near Scotland, was caught in a corn-grinding machine recently and killed.

THE GREAT NORTHWEST

News Items from Various States and Territories.

Rev. Robert Thompson, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Oregon, was consigned to the insane asylum at Madison the other day. John C. Holmes, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Detroit, dropped dead the other afternoon of apoplexy. Boy's lively barn at Detroit was burned the other night together with six horses, etc. Loss, \$7,500; insurance, \$3,500. Eugene Converse, the Battle Creek lawyer who recently committed bigamy by marrying a young woman at Waukegan, Wis., pleaded guilty of embezzlement at Marshall a few days ago and was sentenced to five years in the Jackson penitentiary. Larry Finn, who beat out his wife's brains with an iron tea-kettle, was convicted of murder in the second degree in Marquette recently. The Argyle mine, twelve miles west of Ishpeming, was recently sold for \$250,000 to Morris Sellers, of Detroit, and other iron manufacturers of Detroit and Chicago. The report of the Commissioner of Labor under the new law taxing mortgages indicates a total mortgaged indebtedness in the State of nearly \$140,000,000, or about twenty per cent of the assessed valuation. Rev. A. H. Mueller, pastor of the German Lutheran Church of West Bay City, was found dead in his bed the other afternoon. He died from a ruptured blood vessel, was twenty-eight years of age, and married. Major W. W. Van Antwerp, postmaster at Jackson, commander of Edward Pomeroy Post, G. A. R., a Knight Templar, and associate editor of the Jackson Patriot, died the other morning of cancer of the liver. Frederick K. Stearns, president of the Detroit Base-Ball Club, has resigned, owing to a pressure of other business. The Baraga Hotel in Marquette the other day, and the remains of a man, supposed to be Mr. Bennick, a lumberman, were found in the ruins. Lyman Thompson, a farmer, living near Schoolcraft, while tearing down an old mill recently was crushed by a falling piece of timber. Silas Decker, a well-to-do farmer of Hadley, Lapeer County, committed suicide by hanging himself in his barn a few days ago. The annual report of the State Inspector shows that 3,944,309 barrels of salt were inspected in Michigan during the present year. There are 142 brackles and 4,500 salt covers in the State, with an estimated capacity of 5,265,000 barrels. About 150,000,000 feet of lumber were cut at Cheboygan last season, the largest cut ever recorded. It falls about 25,000,000 feet short of the amount anticipated the start, but is about 20,000,000 feet in excess of the cut of 1886.

MINNESOTA. At the annual meeting of St. Paul of the Minnesota Association of Trotting and Pacing Horse Owners Commodore N. W. Kittling, of St. Paul, was elected president. A number of ladies at Fairbault have incorporated and will build a home to be known as the "Minnesota Home for Aged and Infirm Women." The thirtieth anniversary of the Lake City First Baptist Church was celebrated recently. The roll call responded to by only three original members. Collector of Customs Moore recently gave out a tabulated report of the season's lake business at Duluth. The arrivals of vessels were 1,234 and clearances 1,238, the total tonnage being 2,030,763 tons. Coal receipts for the year were 1,941,000 tons; ore shipments, 390,467 tons; lumber shipments, 5,000,000 feet, and grain shipments, 20,007,965 bushels. Part of the keel of the first ship ever built at Duluth was laid the other day. She will be 180 feet long, built entirely of steel and cigar-shaped, with turtle-back decks. She is equipped to combine speed, safety and great carrying capacity. The boat will be launched about next July. William Lee, who has been appointed postmaster at St. Paul, is one of the oldest wholesale merchants in Minnesota, but has been living a retired life for some years. Cornelius Higgins' left ear was bitten off by George Burk at Duluth during a little unpleasantness recently. A few nights ago the switchmen in the Winona & St. Peter yards at Winona struck because a third switch-engine had been placed in the yard to dispatch the work. Their places were promptly filled, and the men now acknowledge that they made a mistake. Ewald & Havert, dealers in boots and shoes at Winona, failed recently. Sheriff A. J. Biazler and his assistant, Andrew Armstrong, rode from Duluth to Ada, a few days ago, on a reconnoitering party to Dakota for forgery, were attacked by the father, three brothers and three women, and barely escaped with their lives. The prisoner escaped. The St. Paul ice carnival will open January 20, and close February 4. Captain H. G. Shea, of the Emmet light artillery, left St. Paul recently, and the officials of the State militia have discovered that nearly all the vouchers for money expended for the command are false. Recent reports received at Minneapolis indicated that the wheat crop in the Northwest would exceed the estimates. It was now calculated that the total product of Minnesota and Dakota would be about 95,000,000 bushels.

DAKOTA. The Land Department has decided the contest case initiated by F. G. Small, of Harlow, against J. W. Bell in favor of the heirs of Small. Bell had a fraudulent entry of a timber claim in the name of his father, J. W. Bell, which was contested by Small. This caused a feud, and three years ago Bell met Small on the prairie, branded him with a hatchet dumped the body into a boggy and buried it in a field. The body was found on the prairie, was taken from the jail and hung to a flag-pole by a delegation of citizens. A vein of coal sixteen feet thick has been found at Whitecourt twelve feet below the surface and seventy feet below another vein more than three times as thick. The coal is said to be as good as any in the country. Peter Friedland, a miner of Terraville, into an open cut, while engaged in mining near that place, causing instant death. The amount of \$150 was raised within five minutes at Huron the other day to liquidate a debt of the Presbyterian church. The Bismarck National and the Capital National banks at Bismarck have consolidated under the name of the Capital National Bank. A ledge of chert has been found in the tin district near Rapid City. Bernard G. Gault, who at one time represented the First Illinois district in Congress, died in Deadwood the other morning, aged 58 years. The foundries of Yankton are crowded with work, something unusual at this season of the year. A queen was crowned the other night at Old Fort Pierre, on the Sioux reservation, before an interested crowd of Indians, many of whom traveled for miles to witness the ceremony. Her royal highness was presented with forty buffalo robes and two horses. August Methian, living near Scotland, was caught in a corn-grinding machine recently and killed.

MINNESOTA. At the annual meeting of St. Paul of the Minnesota Association of Trotting and Pacing Horse Owners Commodore N. W. Kittling, of St. Paul, was elected president. A number of ladies at Fairbault have incorporated and will build a home to be known as the "Minnesota Home for Aged and Infirm Women." The thirtieth anniversary of the Lake City First Baptist Church was celebrated recently. The roll call responded to by only three original members. Collector of Customs Moore recently gave out a tabulated report of the season's lake business at Duluth. The arrivals of vessels were 1,234 and clearances 1,238, the total tonnage being 2,030,763 tons. Coal receipts for the year were 1,941,000 tons; ore shipments, 390,467 tons; lumber shipments, 5,000,000 feet, and grain shipments, 20,007,965 bushels. Part of the keel of the first ship ever built at Duluth was laid the other day. She will be 180 feet long, built entirely of steel and cigar-shaped, with turtle-back decks. She is equipped to combine speed, safety and great carrying capacity. The boat will be launched about next July. William Lee, who has been appointed postmaster at St. Paul, is one of the oldest wholesale merchants in Minnesota, but has been living a retired life for some years. Cornelius Higgins' left ear was bitten off by George Burk at Duluth during a little unpleasantness recently. A few nights ago the switchmen in the Winona & St. Peter yards at Winona struck because a third switch-engine had been placed in the yard to dispatch the work. Their places were promptly filled, and the men now acknowledge that they made a mistake. Ewald & Havert, dealers in boots and shoes at Winona, failed recently. Sheriff A. J. Biazler and his assistant, Andrew Armstrong, rode from Duluth to Ada, a few days ago, on a reconnoitering party to Dakota for forgery, were attacked by the father, three brothers and three women, and barely escaped with their lives. The prisoner escaped. The St. Paul ice carnival will open January 20, and close February 4. Captain H. G. Shea, of the Emmet light artillery, left St. Paul recently, and the officials of the State militia have discovered that nearly all the vouchers for money expended for the command are false. Recent reports received at Minneapolis indicated that the wheat crop in the Northwest would exceed the estimates. It was now calculated that the total product of Minnesota and Dakota would be about 95,000,000 bushels.

DAKOTA. The Land Department has decided the contest case initiated by F. G. Small, of Harlow, against J. W. Bell in favor of the heirs of Small. Bell had a fraudulent entry of a timber claim in the name of his father, J. W. Bell, which was contested by Small. This caused a feud, and three years ago Bell met Small on the prairie, branded him with a hatchet dumped the body into a boggy and buried it in a field. The body was found on the prairie, was taken from the jail and hung to a flag-pole by a delegation of citizens. A vein of coal sixteen feet thick has been found at Whitecourt twelve feet below the surface and seventy feet below another vein more than three times as thick. The coal is said to be as good as any in the country. Peter Friedland, a miner of Terraville, into an open cut, while engaged in mining near that place, causing instant death. The amount of \$150 was raised within five minutes at Huron the other day to liquidate a debt of the Presbyterian church. The Bismarck National and the Capital National banks at Bismarck have consolidated under the name of the Capital National Bank. A ledge of chert has been found in the tin district near Rapid City. Bernard G. Gault, who at one time represented the First Illinois district in Congress, died in Deadwood the other morning, aged 58 years. The foundries of Yankton are crowded with work, something unusual at this season of the year. A queen was crowned the other night at Old Fort Pierre, on the Sioux reservation, before an interested crowd of Indians, many of whom traveled for miles to witness the ceremony. Her royal highness was presented with forty buffalo robes and two horses. August Methian, living near Scotland, was caught in a corn-grinding machine recently and killed.

DAKOTA. The Land Department has decided the contest case initiated by F. G. Small, of Harlow, against J. W. Bell in favor of the heirs of Small. Bell had a fraudulent entry of a timber claim in the name of his father, J. W. Bell, which was contested by Small. This caused a feud, and three years ago Bell met Small on the prairie, branded him with a hatchet dumped the body into a boggy and buried it in a field. The body was found on the prairie, was taken from the jail and hung to a flag-pole by a delegation of citizens. A vein of coal sixteen feet thick has been found at Whitecourt twelve feet below the surface and seventy feet below another vein more than three times as thick. The coal is said to be as good as any in the country. Peter Friedland, a miner of Terraville, into an open cut, while engaged in mining near that place, causing instant death. The amount of \$150 was raised within five minutes at Huron the other day to liquidate a debt of the Presbyterian church. The Bismarck National and the Capital National banks at Bismarck have consolidated under the name of the Capital National Bank. A ledge of chert has been found in the tin district near Rapid City. Bernard G. Gault, who at one time represented the First Illinois district in Congress, died in Deadwood the other morning, aged 58 years. The foundries of Yankton are crowded with work, something unusual at this season of the year. A queen was crowned the other night at Old Fort Pierre, on the Sioux reservation, before an interested crowd of Indians, many of whom traveled for miles to witness the ceremony. Her royal highness was presented with forty buffalo robes and two horses. August Methian, living near Scotland, was caught in a corn-grinding machine recently and killed.

DAKOTA. The Land Department has decided the contest case initiated by F. G. Small, of Harlow, against J. W. Bell in favor of the heirs of Small. Bell had a fraudulent entry of a timber claim in the name of his father, J. W. Bell, which was contested by Small. This caused a feud, and three years ago Bell met Small on the prairie, branded him with a hatchet dumped the body into a boggy and buried it in a field. The body was found on the prairie, was taken from the jail and hung to a flag-pole by a delegation of citizens. A vein of coal sixteen feet thick has been found at Whitecourt twelve feet below the surface and seventy feet below another vein more than three times as thick. The coal is said to be as good as any in the country. Peter Friedland, a miner of Terraville, into an open cut, while engaged in mining near that place, causing instant death. The amount of \$150 was raised within five minutes at Huron the other day to liquidate a debt of the Presbyterian church. The Bismarck National and the Capital National banks at Bismarck have consolidated under the name of the Capital National Bank. A ledge of chert has been found in the tin district near Rapid City. Bernard G. Gault, who at one time represented the First Illinois district in Congress, died in Deadwood the other morning, aged 58 years. The foundries of Yankton are crowded with work, something unusual at this season of the year. A queen was crowned the other night at Old Fort Pierre, on the Sioux reservation, before an interested crowd of Indians, many of whom traveled for miles to witness the ceremony. Her royal highness was presented with forty buffalo robes and two horses. August Methian, living near Scotland, was caught in a corn-grinding machine recently and killed.

DAKOTA. The Land Department has decided the contest case initiated by F. G. Small, of Harlow, against J. W. Bell in favor of the heirs of Small. Bell had a fraudulent entry of a timber claim in the name of his father, J. W. Bell, which was contested by Small. This caused a feud, and three years ago Bell met Small on the prairie, branded him with a hatchet dumped the body into a boggy and buried it in a field. The body was found on the prairie, was taken from the jail and hung to a flag-pole by a delegation of citizens. A vein of coal sixteen feet thick has been found at Whitecourt twelve feet below the surface and seventy feet below another vein more than three times as thick. The coal is said to be as good as any in the country. Peter Friedland, a miner of Terraville, into an open cut, while engaged in mining near that place, causing instant death. The amount of \$150 was raised within five minutes at Huron the other day to liquidate a debt of the Presbyterian church. The Bismarck National and the Capital National banks at Bismarck have consolidated under the name of the Capital National Bank. A ledge of chert has been found in the tin district near Rapid City. Bernard G. Gault, who at one time represented the First Illinois district in Congress, died in Deadwood the other morning, aged 58 years. The foundries of Yankton are crowded with work, something unusual at this season of the year. A queen was crowned the other night at Old Fort Pierre, on the Sioux reservation, before an interested crowd of Indians, many of whom traveled for miles to witness the ceremony. Her royal high

A SERENADE. She sleeps! my lady sleeps! Let me steal softly through the dusky bowers...

A GREAT BLUNDER.

It Was Dreadful But Then It Won a Bride. Drunken Eph's Mistake, and the Profound Sensation It Created—An Editor's Life Endangered—The Happy Finale.

"Gentlemen," said the Western member of the group of newspaper men in the hotel rotunda, "I can't brag of any such sensational 'scops' as you have been telling of for the last hour or so. My newspaper career has been rather of the humdrum order. I never camped on the trail of a county 'boodler.' I never reported a secret political meeting by crawling into the drum of a big stove and taking notes on what I overheard. I have never even solved the secret of a mysterious double murder. Hard work one day, dredging the second, unremitting toil the third—that's about the story of my life since I was the 'galley-boy' on an Omaha paper twenty-five years ago."

ABOUT WHITE LEAD.

Description of the Methods Employed in Its Manufacture. White lead is the carbonate of lead. The method of combining the carbon with lead is as follows: The pig lead is melted and run into molds, forming what are called buckles, which are shaped like a stove grate and weigh about a pound each. Iron pots are then taken, which are half filled with vinegar, and just above the level of the vinegar are projections on the side of the vessels, upon which the buckles of lead are placed, not allowing them to touch the liquid. The pots are then stacked up in great numbers in a framework which is roofed in and provided with double walls. They are placed upon layers, with boards and tan between each, and piled up to the height of the building, and beneath the floor is padded with tan-bark, and so are the spaces between the double walls. The whole is then tightly shut in, and the contents of the pots are left to the silent action of chemical laws. The tan generates heat and makes an oxide of the lead, while the carbonic acid which the decomposition of the tan evolves combines with the metal to a beautiful soft and snow-white substance. This result is accomplished after an interval of ten to fourteen weeks. This carbonate is then taken to long, revolving screens, through the meshes of which it drops into bins, any unrecorder particles of metal being separated by the screens and returned to the caldrons. The sifted lead is then washed to deprive it of any free acid, stain or impurities, and is then ground in water, between heavy burr-stone mills, into a pulpy mass. This is then gathered and pumped upon drying-pans in the kiln-house, and gives the dry white lead of commerce. This dry lead is kneaded with linsed oil, in the proportion of about eight pounds of oil to one hundred of lead. The mixture is then ground fine in mills and packed for shipment.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

published it in the Silver Horn Evening Star. "It was just 4:30 the next afternoon when the paper went to press. Eph had written up the funeral, doing it in first-class style, too, in spite of the fact that he was heavily loaded with liquor when he attended the obsequies. At 5:30 the afternoon I was sitting in my sanctum grinding out editorial copy for the morning when I heard a knock at the door.

"Come in," I called. "The hinges creaked. A figure stepped over the threshold. I gasped for breath. It was Mrs. Pate! I was at last face to face with my goddess. 'What does it mean,' I thought to myself. Very soon afterward I found out."

"Are you the editor?" asked Mrs. Pate, in a chilly tone, an expression of grim determination on her marble features, which never looked more beautiful to me than they did just at that moment.

"I am, madam," I replied, trying to appear calm. (I made a lamentable failure of it.)

"Then, sir," said my visitor, slowly, "may I ask you what you mean by insulting the memory of my dead husband?"

"What?" I gasped, faintly, a sickening fear stealing over me. "Mrs. Pate, what do you mean?"

"Ah! I see you know my name," she replied, icily, a steely glitter in her black eyes. "May I repeat the question. What do you mean by trying to blacken the character of a man who is in his grave?"

"Really, I do not understand you, madam," I said. "I was not aware that my paper had in any way tried to injure your dead husband's reputation." (I had not yet seen a copy of that evening's Star.)

"See here, sir," she rejoined, "perhaps you will understand me now, and she spread the paper before me."

"Read that," she said, pointing to the first column on the first page. The article itself was all right, being a full account of the life, death and funeral of the late Mr. Pate. But its heading! Great heavens! Its heading! I fancy I can see the black characters dancing before me now. It was as follows:

A SCOUNDREL GONE!! SILVER HORNS HAS SEEN THE LAST OF A MAN WHO WAS A LOW-LIVED VILLAIN!!

A Miserable Car Who Ought to Have Been Shot—His Career of Infamy!! "I saw it all! Drunken Eph in making up the form that afternoon had, while in a state of partial or total intoxication, placed over the obituary article the display heading which was written for an article relating to the flight of a notorious horse-thief and cut-throat!"

"Madame," I said to the woman, as soon as I had regained my power of speech, "this is all a terrible mistake. Allow me to explain."

"There can be no explanation," she interrupted, in a harsh, dry voice; "I can read, and I only know that you have most foully insulted the memory of my dead husband. You have called him a scoundrel, a villain, a low-lived cur! And do you dare to say that you didn't mean to blacken his name?"

"With a motion as quick as that of a tigress the widow drew a revolver from her dress. I jumped for her wrist, and grasping it held the weapon aloft.

"Mrs. Pate," I asked, imploringly, "will you listen to me for just one minute before you attempt any thing desperate?"

"She promised that she would. I used that minute to good advantage, for when the sixtieth second was up I had succeeded in convincing her that it was all a dreadful blunder on the part of my drunken friend."

"The rest of my story is soon told. Mrs. Pate became first my friend, afterwards my admirer, and finally—Mrs. Pate that was Mrs. Augustus Jewett that is!"—Chicago Tribune.

DEATH ON THE OCEAN.

A Pacific Coast Steamer Burned—Twelve Lives Suspected to Be Lost. SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 22.—The freight steamer Santa Vincenza, plying between this city and Santa Cruz, was burned Tuesday night off Pigeon point, south of the Golden Gate. Her crew consisted of nineteen officers and men. The Pacific Coast Steamship Company's steamer Queen of the Pacific, Captain Charles Lewis and the second mate just as they were about to jump overboard to escape the flames. The first mate and four sailors were found drifting in a small boat, and another sailor was discovered clinging to the bottom of an upturned boat. These were taken on board the Queen and the Pacific. Several of the crew suffered severely from exposure, and one of the sailors died in a few hours. No trace could be found of the other eleven men, and it is supposed they were all lost.

A Bankruptcy Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Mr. Hopkins (Ill.) will introduce in the House a bankruptcy bill which has the approval of the American Bar Association. It provides that any man who has been adjudged bankrupt under the laws of any State, Territory or the District of Columbia, and who has been discharged from the estate, may be again adjudged bankrupt if he is unable to pay his debts as they come due, and it is said to be generally acceptable both to the debtor and the creditor classes.

Six Miners Burned by an Explosion.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Dec. 22.—A terrible explosion of gas occurred at Pymouth last evening by which John Rowland, James Davis, Richard Davis and James Kelley were fatally and David Hughes and David Davis badly injured.

Those Belgian Miners.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Secretary Fairchild took official notice yesterday of the report that 2,000 Belgian miners are to be imported to take the place of the strikers in the Lehigh region. He sent telegrams to the collectors at New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore instructing them to be vigilant in preventing any violation of the Alien Contract Labor law.

King Jaja's Idea of Discipline.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—The Government has decided to banish King Jaja of Oporo, West Africa, to St. Helena. The King recently caused 150 of his subjects to be beheaded as a warning to others not to permit traders to go into the interior.

TERRIBLE WEATHER.

Suffering and Death Caused by the Recent Blizzard—Several Persons Perished in the Severe Cold—Fifty-One Degrees Below Zero in Colorado. LANCOLS, Neb., Dec. 22.—It is believed that the reports of the blizzard sweeping over Western Nebraska will show that a number of lives were lost in the storm. Owing to the distance from the railroads of the new and more unprotected homesteads and settlers the fact can not be known for several days. In a recently organized county of Perkins the death of a man and boy is reported. They were attempting to make their ranch, twenty miles from O'Gallala, when the storm overpowered them. Both were frozen to death. Another man named John Grant, who had been on railroad construction work on the Black Hills extension of the Burlington & Missouri River road, was found dead a mile out from camp. On the Kansas line no dead have been discovered, although suffering is reported as very severe.

A "NEW WORLD" OPENED.

The Completed Railroad Connection Between Helena, Mont., and St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn.—Enthusiastic Views of a St. Paul Paper. The St. Paul and Minneapolis Pioneer Press of a recent date editorially sends greeting to the city of Helena, Mont., over the completion to the latter point of the railroad line (the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba) which brings that city in direct communication with Minneapolis and St. Paul, and thus with the more eastern sections of the country. Speaking of the region traversed by this new route, the Pioneer Press says:

"The fact is that there has been added a new empire, as fair as any upon which the sun shines, to the territory naturally tributary to this point. Lying out of the path of overland travel, sheltered far to the north in its secluded valleys, the country traversed by the new line of the Manitoba road is yet comparatively a terra incognita to a but a few who have looked upon its fairness. They have heard vague reports of the mildness of its climate, the fertility of its soil, its productive capacities and the possibilities that lie before it. But the reality has been understood only by those whose enterprise has seen the commercial necessity and the commercial advantage of bridging this vast stretch with the iron highway of commerce. Along the whole of the immense line which penetrates from Devil's Lake to Great Falls, there is not a mile of territory which is incapable of practical utilization for tillage or for grazing. Over the great prairie, through the magnificent valley of the Milk river, and on to the mountains, the traveler rolls through lands of richness unsurpassed. His eye rests not upon the brown and dusty soil of an arid climate, but on the soft green turf which covers alluvium where untraced harvests and ungathered wealth lie in store for the husbandman. He is in the zone where the ink-black virgin soil promises inexhaustible returns for tillage. He is where the kindly isotherms that bend upward insure him a climate as mild as any in the Northwest, and more equable than most. He is in a region where moist winds distill the frequent showers that bless the agriculture of the most fortunate among our old communities. He travels through a country which, to the eye, is in no way inferior to the Red river valley that has given fame and wealth to Minnesota and Dakota. In these immense stretches, whose virtues the settler has already begun to appreciate, there is room for a crowded population. In the valleys there are grazing grounds for herds that would feed a continent. It is impossible to convey in language that shall be free from the suspicion of exaggeration any idea of the resources of the new world now open to the overflowing populations of older communities and of other worlds. It may reduce generalizations more nearly to the limit of the tangible to say that the country adapted to occupation which is now put in immediate communication with the outer world is greater in area than the entire State of Indiana; and that it equals, if it does not surpass in productive qualities, any other Territory within the United States. When the mountains are entered, the promise of the fields yields to allurements of a different character. These hills are penetrated with veins of gold and silver and lead. There is no mean of estimating the available mineral resources of the portions of Montana directly reached. From their stores our supply of precious and useful metals may be almost indefinitely recruited. Underneath the plains surrounding and underlying Great Falls there is a bed of bituminous coal of unknown extent, excellent for mining and manufacturing purposes, and some of it possessing first-class cooking qualities. And at this point there is reached what is probably the greatest available water power in North America, with an estimated capacity of perhaps 200,000 horse."

A DEADLY EXPLOSION.

Fourteen Thousand Gallons of Naphtha Pumped Into the Sewers at Rochester, N. Y. Explodes—Streets Torn Up and Buildings Blown Down—Four Persons Killed and a Score Injured. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 22.—Shortly before 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon a terrific explosion occurred in front of the Pooles floor mill, on Mill street, at the foot of Factory street. The explosion was felt for a long distance. Only a few seconds after the first explosion another followed, and a third, and another, in rapid succession. Instantly flames burst from the Pooles mill, and the rear walls fell in. It was only a few minutes before the Washington mill, adjoining the burning structure, was also on fire, and thence the flames communicated to other buildings. One of the workers in the mill and a third story of the Pooles mill and a seriously injured. Another escaped by jumping into the race. It is believed that four persons are killed. These are: Frederick Wilson, Edward A. Webster, Abram Rogers and John Lee. The injured will number at least twenty. Most of them are bruised and hurt.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22. LIVE STOCK—Cattle, 83 1/2 @ 85 1/2; Hogs, 5 3/4 @ 5 7/8; Sheep, 4 1/2 @ 4 3/4. FLOUR—Good to Choice, 3 10 @ 3 20; Choice, 3 15 @ 3 25. WHEAT—No. 2 Red, 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; No. 3 Spring, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; No. 2 White, 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4. RYE—Western, 59 @ 60; Eastern, 57 @ 58. CORN—Mess, 1 13 @ 1 14; No. 2, 1 11 @ 1 12. LARD—Strain, 8 00 @ 8 02 1/2; CHEESE, 11 1/2 @ 12; WOOD—Dressed, 3 00 @ 3 04.

BEYOND OUR BORDERS.

The reins of the French Government are practically held in the grasp of M. Clemenceau, who, a few years since, was a practicing New York physician. There are nine hundred members in the co-operative organization of England. These realize a yearly profit of \$15,000,000 out of a business of \$80,000,000.

A "NEW WORLD" OPENED.

The Completed Railroad Connection Between Helena, Mont., and St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn.—Enthusiastic Views of a St. Paul Paper. The St. Paul and Minneapolis Pioneer Press of a recent date editorially sends greeting to the city of Helena, Mont., over the completion to the latter point of the railroad line (the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba) which brings that city in direct communication with Minneapolis and St. Paul, and thus with the more eastern sections of the country. Speaking of the region traversed by this new route, the Pioneer Press says:

"The fact is that there has been added a new empire, as fair as any upon which the sun shines, to the territory naturally tributary to this point. Lying out of the path of overland travel, sheltered far to the north in its secluded valleys, the country traversed by the new line of the Manitoba road is yet comparatively a terra incognita to a but a few who have looked upon its fairness. They have heard vague reports of the mildness of its climate, the fertility of its soil, its productive capacities and the possibilities that lie before it. But the reality has been understood only by those whose enterprise has seen the commercial necessity and the commercial advantage of bridging this vast stretch with the iron highway of commerce. Along the whole of the immense line which penetrates from Devil's Lake to Great Falls, there is not a mile of territory which is incapable of practical utilization for tillage or for grazing. Over the great prairie, through the magnificent valley of the Milk river, and on to the mountains, the traveler rolls through lands of richness unsurpassed. His eye rests not upon the brown and dusty soil of an arid climate, but on the soft green turf which covers alluvium where untraced harvests and ungathered wealth lie in store for the husbandman. He is in the zone where the ink-black virgin soil promises inexhaustible returns for tillage. He is where the kindly isotherms that bend upward insure him a climate as mild as any in the Northwest, and more equable than most. He is in a region where moist winds distill the frequent showers that bless the agriculture of the most fortunate among our old communities. He travels through a country which, to the eye, is in no way inferior to the Red river valley that has given fame and wealth to Minnesota and Dakota. In these immense stretches, whose virtues the settler has already begun to appreciate, there is room for a crowded population. In the valleys there are grazing grounds for herds that would feed a continent. It is impossible to convey in language that shall be free from the suspicion of exaggeration any idea of the resources of the new world now open to the overflowing populations of older communities and of other worlds. It may reduce generalizations more nearly to the limit of the tangible to say that the country adapted to occupation which is now put in immediate communication with the outer world is greater in area than the entire State of Indiana; and that it equals, if it does not surpass in productive qualities, any other Territory within the United States. When the mountains are entered, the promise of the fields yields to allurements of a different character. These hills are penetrated with veins of gold and silver and lead. There is no mean of estimating the available mineral resources of the portions of Montana directly reached. From their stores our supply of precious and useful metals may be almost indefinitely recruited. Underneath the plains surrounding and underlying Great Falls there is a bed of bituminous coal of unknown extent, excellent for mining and manufacturing purposes, and some of it possessing first-class cooking qualities. And at this point there is reached what is probably the greatest available water power in North America, with an estimated capacity of perhaps 200,000 horse."

A DEADLY EXPLOSION.

Fourteen Thousand Gallons of Naphtha Pumped Into the Sewers at Rochester, N. Y. Explodes—Streets Torn Up and Buildings Blown Down—Four Persons Killed and a Score Injured. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 22.—Shortly before 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon a terrific explosion occurred in front of the Pooles floor mill, on Mill street, at the foot of Factory street. The explosion was felt for a long distance. Only a few seconds after the first explosion another followed, and a third, and another, in rapid succession. Instantly flames burst from the Pooles mill, and the rear walls fell in. It was only a few minutes before the Washington mill, adjoining the burning structure, was also on fire, and thence the flames communicated to other buildings. One of the workers in the mill and a third story of the Pooles mill and a seriously injured. Another escaped by jumping into the race. It is believed that four persons are killed. These are: Frederick Wilson, Edward A. Webster, Abram Rogers and John Lee. The injured will number at least twenty. Most of them are bruised and hurt.

A "NEW WORLD" OPENED.

The Completed Railroad Connection Between Helena, Mont., and St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn.—Enthusiastic Views of a St. Paul Paper. The St. Paul and Minneapolis Pioneer Press of a recent date editorially sends greeting to the city of Helena, Mont., over the completion to the latter point of the railroad line (the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba) which brings that city in direct communication with Minneapolis and St. Paul, and thus with the more eastern sections of the country. Speaking of the region traversed by this new route, the Pioneer Press says:

"The fact is that there has been added a new empire, as fair as any upon which the sun shines, to the territory naturally tributary to this point. Lying out of the path of overland travel, sheltered far to the north in its secluded valleys, the country traversed by the new line of the Manitoba road is yet comparatively a terra incognita to a but a few who have looked upon its fairness. They have heard vague reports of the mildness of its climate, the fertility of its soil, its productive capacities and the possibilities that lie before it. But the reality has been understood only by those whose enterprise has seen the commercial necessity and the commercial advantage of bridging this vast stretch with the iron highway of commerce. Along the whole of the immense line which penetrates from Devil's Lake to Great Falls, there is not a mile of territory which is incapable of practical utilization for tillage or for grazing. Over the great prairie, through the magnificent valley of the Milk river, and on to the mountains, the traveler rolls through lands of richness unsurpassed. His eye rests not upon the brown and dusty soil of an arid climate, but on the soft green turf which covers alluvium where untraced harvests and ungathered wealth lie in store for the husbandman. He is in the zone where the ink-black virgin soil promises inexhaustible returns for tillage. He is where the kindly isotherms that bend upward insure him a climate as mild as any in the Northwest, and more equable than most. He is in a region where moist winds distill the frequent showers that bless the agriculture of the most fortunate among our old communities. He travels through a country which, to the eye, is in no way inferior to the Red river valley that has given fame and wealth to Minnesota and Dakota. In these immense stretches, whose virtues the settler has already begun to appreciate, there is room for a crowded population. In the valleys there are grazing grounds for herds that would feed a continent. It is impossible to convey in language that shall be free from the suspicion of exaggeration any idea of the resources of the new world now open to the overflowing populations of older communities and of other worlds. It may reduce generalizations more nearly to the limit of the tangible to say that the country adapted to occupation which is now put in immediate communication with the outer world is greater in area than the entire State of Indiana; and that it equals, if it does not surpass in productive qualities, any other Territory within the United States. When the mountains are entered, the promise of the fields yields to allurements of a different character. These hills are penetrated with veins of gold and silver and lead. There is no mean of estimating the available mineral resources of the portions of Montana directly reached. From their stores our supply of precious and useful metals may be almost indefinitely recruited. Underneath the plains surrounding and underlying Great Falls there is a bed of bituminous coal of unknown extent, excellent for mining and manufacturing purposes, and some of it possessing first-class cooking qualities. And at this point there is reached what is probably the greatest available water power in North America, with an estimated capacity of perhaps 200,000 horse."

A DEADLY EXPLOSION.

Fourteen Thousand Gallons of Naphtha Pumped Into the Sewers at Rochester, N. Y. Explodes—Streets Torn Up and Buildings Blown Down—Four Persons Killed and a Score Injured. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 22.—Shortly before 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon a terrific explosion occurred in front of the Pooles floor mill, on Mill street, at the foot of Factory street. The explosion was felt for a long distance. Only a few seconds after the first explosion another followed, and a third, and another, in rapid succession. Instantly flames burst from the Pooles mill, and the rear walls fell in. It was only a few minutes before the Washington mill, adjoining the burning structure, was also on fire, and thence the flames communicated to other buildings. One of the workers in the mill and a third story of the Pooles mill and a seriously injured. Another escaped by jumping into the race. It is believed that four persons are killed. These are: Frederick Wilson, Edward A. Webster, Abram Rogers and John Lee. The injured will number at least twenty. Most of them are bruised and hurt.

A "NEW WORLD" OPENED.

The Completed Railroad Connection Between Helena, Mont., and St. Paul and Minneapolis, Minn.—Enthusiastic Views of a St. Paul Paper. The St. Paul and Minneapolis Pioneer Press of a recent date editorially sends greeting to the city of Helena, Mont., over the completion to the latter point of the railroad line (the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba) which brings that city in direct communication with Minneapolis and St. Paul, and thus with the more eastern sections of the country. Speaking of the region traversed by this new route, the Pioneer Press says:

"The fact is that there has been added a new empire, as fair as any upon which the sun shines, to the territory naturally tributary to this point. Lying out of the path of overland travel, sheltered far to the north in its secluded valleys, the country traversed by the new line of the Manitoba road is yet comparatively a terra incognita to a but a few who have looked upon its fairness. They have heard vague reports of the mildness of its climate, the fertility of its soil, its productive capacities and the possibilities that lie before it. But the reality has been understood only by those whose enterprise has seen the commercial necessity and the commercial advantage of bridging this vast stretch with the iron highway of commerce. Along the whole of the immense line which penetrates from Devil's Lake to Great Falls, there is not a mile of territory which is incapable of practical utilization for tillage or for grazing. Over the great prairie, through the magnificent valley of the Milk river, and on to the mountains, the traveler rolls through lands of richness unsurpassed. His eye rests not upon the brown and dusty soil of an arid climate, but on the soft green turf which covers alluvium where untraced harvests and ungathered wealth lie in store for the husbandman. He is in the zone where the ink-black virgin soil promises inexhaustible returns for tillage. He is where the kindly isotherms that bend upward insure him a climate as mild as any in the Northwest, and more equable than most. He is in a region where moist winds distill the frequent showers that bless the agriculture of the most fortunate among our old communities. He travels through a country which, to the eye, is in no way inferior to the Red river valley that has given fame and wealth to Minnesota and Dakota. In these immense stretches, whose virtues the settler has already begun to appreciate, there is room for a crowded population. In the valleys there are grazing grounds for herds that would feed a continent. It is impossible to convey in language that shall be free from the suspicion of exaggeration any idea of the resources of the new world now open to the overflowing populations of older communities and of other worlds. It may reduce generalizations more nearly to the limit of the tangible to say that the country adapted to occupation which is now put in immediate communication with the outer world is greater in area than the entire State of Indiana; and that it equals, if it does not surpass in productive qualities, any other Territory within the United States. When the mountains are entered, the promise of the fields yields to allurements of a different character. These hills are penetrated with veins of gold and silver and lead. There is no mean of estimating the available mineral resources of the portions of Montana directly reached. From their stores our supply of precious and useful metals may be almost indefinitely recruited. Underneath the plains surrounding and underlying Great Falls there is a bed of bituminous coal of unknown extent, excellent for mining and manufacturing purposes, and some of it possessing first-class cooking qualities. And at this point there is reached what is probably the greatest available water power in North America, with an estimated capacity of perhaps 200,000 horse."

A DEADLY EXPLOSION.

Fourteen Thousand Gallons

COOPER & WOOD

PROPRIETORS OF THE

Chelsea Roller Mills

ARE PREPARED TO DO ALL KINDS OF

CUSTOM WORK.

ALL KINDS OF

FLOUR AND FEED ON HAND.

The Highest Market Price Paid for Wheat.

COOPER & WOOD.

UNTIL all SOLD!

Every Cloak In Our Store Will Be Made A Grand Sacrifice!

Ladies' and Childrens' Cloaks and Jackets AT JUST

HALF PRICE.

\$7 Cloak	for \$3.50
\$9 Cloak	for \$4.50
\$10 Cloak	for \$5.00
\$12 Cloak	for \$6.00
\$14 Cloak	for \$7.00
\$15 Cloak	for \$7.50
\$16 Cloak	for \$8.00
\$20 Cl ak	for \$10.
\$25 Cloak	for \$12.50
\$30 Cloak	for \$15.

NO SUCH REDUCTIONS

CLOAKS

Will be Found Elsewhere. Owing to want of room compels us to sacrifice them.

First come, first served. The styles are good and the goods are all new and fresh.

Respectfully

OLIPHANT & BROWN,

141 West Main Street, Jackson, Mich.

GREAT SALE

OF

WET DRY GOODS

AT



850 cases and bales of Dry Goods, consigned to Marshall, Field & Co., of Chicago, were on the steamer Waverly, when she sprang a leak thus more or less damaging her entire cargo.

I attended personally the sale of these goods, which were sold at ruinously low prices, and bought largely of them. Many of them were not at all damaged, but only slightly wet.

On Tuesday January 3rd-

We shall put these goods on sale and continue the sale until all are closed out.

Dress Goods, Shawls, Cloaks, Tickings Shirtings, Hosiery, Hamburgs, Denims, Handkerchiefs, and a thousand other items will be put in this sale.

We shall make a point of having help enough to wait upon the great number that will be brought from FAR and WIDE to attend this sale.

Come within the first few days if possible, as many of these lots will be closed out very quickly.

Respectfully,

L. H. FIELD,

Samples of Dress Goods, Silks and trimmings sent to any address on application. 6 BUSY BEE HIVE, Jackson, Mich.

Bach & Abell

THIS SIGHTLY AD: ABOUT BACH & ABELL, WE CLIP THIS WEEK FROM ANN ARBOR COURIER.

\$10.00. Have you seen those Extraordinary Wraps? at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$1.00. A Great Line of Silks, Sarahs worth 20 per cent. more at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$15.00 Have you seen those Extraordinary Plush Wraps? at BACH & ABELL'S.

Muffs and Boas, Glorious for New Years Gifts. at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$8.00 A Great line of Ladies' Wraps worth 50 per cent. more at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$6.00 Have you seen those Extraordinary Newmarkets? at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$2.75 A great line of Gents' Silk Umbrellas, worth 30 per cent. more at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$3.00 Have you seen those Extraordinary Scarlet Underwear, at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$2.00 A great line of Gents' Silk Handkerchiefs, Matchless 50c, 75c, & \$1. Lines, at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$1.50 Have you seen those Extraordinary Astrachan Sacks, at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$3.50 A great line of black silk Fichus worth 40 per cent. more at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$1.50 Have you seen those Extraordinary marseilles quilts? at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$4.00 A great line of Ladies' Jackets worth 50 per cent. more at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$13.00 Have you seen those Extraordinary Wraps? at BACH & ABELL'S.

\$2.00 A great line of lace curtains worth 20 per cent. more at BACH & ABELL'S.

Acker's Blood Elixir is the only Blood Remedy guaranteed. It is a positive cure for Ulcers, Eruptions or Syphilitic Poisoning. It purifies the whole system, and banishes all Rheumatic and Neuralgic pains. We guarantee it. R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

Old as the hills—the valleys. Palace Barber Shop. J. A. Crawford has moved his barber shop one door east of Bacon's hardware store, on ground floor, and fitted it up in first class style. He will be glad to see all of his old customers and as many new ones as may favor him with their patronage. Orders received for false bangs, hair switches, and false hair goods. 15 Good at a pinch—A tight shoe.

Many of the good things of this life are sorrowfully let alone on account of Dyspepsia. Acker's Dyspepsia Tablets will cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Constipation; sold on a positive guarantee at 25 and 50 cents, by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

A capital skylight—the moon. The Excitement Not Over. The rush at F. P. Glazier's still continues and daily scores of people call for a bottle of Kemp's Balm for the throat and lungs for the cure of coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis and consumption. Kemp's Balm, the standard family remedy, is sold on a guarantee and never fails to give entire satisfaction. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial size free.

A stabbing case—a dagger sheath. Can't Sleep. Night is the complaint of thousands suffering from Asthma, Consumption, Coughs, etc. Did you ever try Acker's English Remedy? It is the best preparation known for all Lung Troubles, sold on a positive guarantee at 10c, 50c, \$1.00. R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

Feline Intelligence.

One balmy morning last September, a farmer living two miles from Chelsea, after a consultation with his better half, concluded that fourteen cats were not necessary on a farm of 100 acres; that an even dozen would be more convenient to count, better proportioned as a screening party add would require a smaller outlay of boot-jacks.

These considerations led to the confinement of two prepossessing kittens in a hollow cylinder, used at other times as a repository of grain etc., their removal to the rear end of the carriage and eventually to their transportation out of the township, a distance of fifty furlongs, thirty seven rods, nine feet and thirteen inches. Here the farmer drew up his trotter and with one or two sighs of regret at the thought of the void which the abduction of these two specimens of the class mammalia, would occasion at his distant home and removing the pucker string, he reluctantly held the cylinder in such shape that the force of gravity proved too much for the adhesive power of the kittens, and they landed on terra firma with a feline interpretation of the song entitled, "The Girl I Left Behind Me."

At the conclusion of the duet the farmer took an eternal farewell, and drove on, returning home, by a circuitous some twenty-seven miles out of his way in order to practice a little deception on the kittens. As soon as he was out of sight of the spot where he had removed the tension of the pucker string, the farmer smited broadly to himself as the strategic method he had employed to rid himself of the sixteen cat lives, stopped at Stockbridge on his way home, gave all his relatives a bushel of peaches and a recital of his adventure, and then drove home to console the twelve heart-broken cats he had so readily deprived of company. Time passed on at the farm. The farmer's wife began to see the abducted kitties less frequently in her dreams. The twelve remaining kittens had brought forth thirty-three more, and so were consoled and the event of the balmy September morning was being rapidly obliterated from the minds of all when a startling revelation occurred. The farmer sat by his window one chilly afternoon, some two months after the catastrophe, previously recorded, when he saw two glowing eyes fixed on him with a sort of "Ex, tu, Brutus," expression which pierced his very Receptaculum Chylit. There within twenty-six feet of him was one of the identical kittens which he had left on the highway, chanting a requiem some sixty-one days before. After two or three ineffectual attempts, the farmer recovered from his surprise, sends for the partner of his bosom, some of Pinckerton's detectives, and a glass of cider when the following facts were substantiated, on finding themselves "Alone and deserted," one of the kittens took sick and died of pure grief. After which the other had closed his eyes, (that is the eyes of the dead one) and then set out for home, following the farmer's route exactly; living as Sherman did on his march to the sea, and returning to the place of his birth sleek and hearty. SELAH.

Chelsea Young Lady's Christmas Surprise. While Miss Emma Kempf was making preparations to have a merry Christmas at home, the school board of Dist. No. 3, Pittsfield, (where she is engaged as teacher) asked her to sign a new contract, as the old one at \$32. per month was not satisfactory. Emma, not knowing but her head was to be cut off, consented. Imagine her surprise when she was asked to sign a new contract at \$35. per month for the remaining five months of the term. A voluntary advance of \$3. per month on the part of the board. We wish her success.

Lima Notes. No school until after New Years. Wallace Palmer is home from Flint to spend the Holidays. Nettie Storms home from Ann Arbor schools, for a good time during Holidays. Geo. English has bought a farm out in Branch county, near the Indiana line. He will move there in the spring. Christmas day was a sad one to many in Lima, who attended the funeral of Miss Lizzie Dancer. Her sudden death cast a gloom over the community. The attendance to the funeral was large. Rev. H. Palmer conducted the services.

One of the most pleasing events of late was the donation for Rev. H. Palmer, at Orrin Burkher's last week. It was well attended, and was characterized by the best of social visiting recitations, reading and music. None who were there will ever forget the impressive recitation of little Mabel Fletcher. It was charming. The young people did as they always do in Lima, the table committee worked in a most pleasing way. The receipts were \$35.00.

Muskegon, Mich., Oct. 1, 1881. J. D. Kellogg, Dear Sir:—Your Columbian Oil has made some wonderful cures here of fever sores, one case of thirty years standing. Not finding it recommended for anything of the kind, we thought it might be of advantage to you to mention this case in your circular. Hoping this will be of service to you. We are very truly yours, C. L. Brundage & Son, Wholesale and Retail Druggists.

A Sliding Party.

On Monday eve, a very of the elite young ladies of the town met for the purpose of having a pleasure slide on Freer's hill, but alas, their escorts did not show up as per invitation in the afternoon. However the parties report a genial time, notwithstanding the fact that they had to act as their own escorts, and get their sleighs back up the hill the best way they could. Every now and then you could hear the pitiful shout of a fair one say: Good-night,—if by and by, my dears, You'd like another slide I don't know but I'll try my boys, And ask 'em out again to ride.

Would You Believe.

The proprietor of Kemp's Balm give thousands of bottles away yearly. This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balm was not a perfect cure for Coughs and Colds, and all throat and lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate Procure your bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle free at F. P. Glazier's. Large size 50c and \$1.

The Back Seat.

We copy the following from the Jackson Courier, and we think the parties mentioned were once residents of this village:

"The following was picked up on the street by a gentleman of this city. The Courier will not tell its readers where 'Bert' lives, but his residence is in a neighboring village, and where he lives does not have anything to do with this back seat; that and Jennie is the same the wide world over. This is the note: 'BERT.—Yes, I can go. Try and get the back seat if we go in the load. Yours truly, JENNIE.'"

Is there anyone whose hair has the touch of time's finger upon it that, don't recall the back seat in the load when they were young? The possibilities of the back seat in those old days were something that will never be forgotten. Suppose that your boy now occupies the back seat in the load with the other fellow's daughter of those long gone days by his side, that don't change matters a feather's weight. There is a halo about that old back seat that time will never efface, and nobody with their hearts in the right place, want's it rubbed off memory's tablet. "Jennie" knew all this better than this article can tell it when she wrote that note to "Bert." They had sat on the back seat before dozens of times, and the fun there couldn't be bought or sold. Bless the memory of that back seat. There is nothing that can at all compare with it, but that other old reliable, the front gate. Anyone who has grown to manhood or womanhood, and never made the acquaintance of one or the other of these landmarks, don't know what they are about, nor a good thing when they see it. Time may knock at the door many times, and tell each and all that they are going down the stream of time at a 40 clip, the busy cares of to-day may crowd the past into a small corner and refuse to relax its hold; all things may become dim with age and the bitter rough and tumble struggle in the attempt to keep the bill collector from reading the name on the door plate, but nothing will ever rub the paint clean off that old back seat, and the COURIER takes its hat off in silent adoration as recollection paints "Jennie" and "Bert" fearlessly drifting towards that great unknown, where by-and-by each and all have to get up and slide along and let some other "Jennie" and "Bert" have the back seat."

Marions Glace—Jokes about the iceman. Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

FIRST YEAR.	COURSE OF STUDY BY YEARS AND TERMS, ARRANGED FOR CHelsea HIGH SCHOOL.		
	LATIN COURSE.	SCIENTIFIC COURSE.	ENGLISH COURSE.
1st	Latin Lessons Algebra U. S. History Spelling	German Algebra U. S. History Spelling	Grammar U. S. History Spelling
2nd	Latin Lessons Algebra U. S. History Spelling	German Algebra U. S. History Spelling	Grammar U. S. History Spelling
3rd	Latin Lessons Arithmetic Composition Reading and English	German Arithmetic Composition Reading and English	Grammar Arithmetic Composition Reading and English
4th	Latin Lessons Physical Geography General History	German Physical Geography General History	Grammar Arithmetic Composition Reading and English
5th	Latin Lessons Botany or Civil Gov. General History	German Botany or Civil Gov. General History	Grammar Arithmetic Composition Reading and English
6th	Latin Lessons Cicero and Prose German Algebra	German Cicero and Prose German Algebra	Grammar Arithmetic Composition Reading and English
7th	Latin Lessons Ovid German Algebra	German Ovid German Algebra	Grammar Arithmetic Composition Reading and English
8th	Latin Lessons Vergil German Geometry	German Vergil German Geometry	Grammar Arithmetic Composition Reading and English
9th	Latin Lessons Vergil German Geometry	German Vergil German Geometry	Grammar Arithmetic Composition Reading and English
10th	Latin Lessons Vergil German Geometry	German Vergil German Geometry	Grammar Arithmetic Composition Reading and English
11th	Latin Lessons Vergil German Geometry	German Vergil German Geometry	Grammar Arithmetic Composition Reading and English
12th	Latin Lessons Vergil German Geometry	German Vergil German Geometry	Grammar Arithmetic Composition Reading and English

Save the Children. They are especially liable to sudden Colds, Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, etc. We guarantee Acker's English Remedy a positive cure. It saves hours of anxious watching. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

Sound money—the organist's salary. I will be constantly on hand at my new stand under the postoffice to pay the highest market price, in cash, for all the first class butter I can get, and will also retail first class butter to any who may want, at all times, and at as reasonable figures as any one can sell a good article for. And guarantee satisfaction. Cash paid for eggs. A. DURAND.

Notice to Butter Makers and Consumers. I will be constantly on hand at my new stand under the postoffice to pay the highest market price, in cash, for all the first class butter I can get, and will also retail first class butter to any who may want, at all times, and at as reasonable figures as any one can sell a good article for. And guarantee satisfaction. Cash paid for eggs. A. DURAND.

Marions Glace—Jokes about the iceman. Babies that are fretful, peevish, cross, or troubled with Windy Colic, Teething Pains, or Stomach Disorders, can be relieved at once by using Acker's Baby Soother. It contains no Opium or Morphine, hence is safe. Price 25 cents. Sold by R. S. Armstrong, Druggist.

Subscribe for the Herald. Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the 24th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Isaac Taylor deceased. George Taylor executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Tuesday, the 24th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be and they are to appear at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the 24th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Isaac Taylor deceased. George Taylor executor of the last will and testament of said deceased, comes into court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such executor.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Tuesday, the 24th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, be and they are to appear at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the 24th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of John Morn deceased. Margaret Moran, Administratrix of said estate, having rendered into Court her report of her proceedings in her office as such Administratrix, and showing that she has paid to the persons interested in said estate, the amount of the said estate, and having prayed the Court for confirmation thereof.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Saturday, the 31st day of December, instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said report and petition for confirmation and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate be required to appear at a session of said Court then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further Ordered, that said petition be read to the persons interested in said estate, by causing a copy of the same to be published in the CHelsea HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, two successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

W. M. D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. W. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the 24th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Michael Foster deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Edward J. Foster, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that he may be appointed executor thereof.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the 26th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said estate, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; and that said petition be read to the persons interested in said estate, by causing a copy of the same to be published in the CHelsea HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

W. M. D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. W. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1881, six months from the date when I was allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Joseph H. Durand, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on or before the 6th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Tuesday the 6th day of March and on Wednesday the 6th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, Dec. 6, A. D. 1881. WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1881, six months from the date when I was allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Joseph H. Durand, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on or before the 6th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Tuesday the 6th day of March and on Wednesday the 6th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, Dec. 6, A. D. 1881. WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1881, six months from the date when I was allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Joseph H. Durand, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on or before the 6th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Tuesday the 6th day of March and on Wednesday the 6th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, Dec. 6, A. D. 1881. WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1881, six months from the date when I was allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Joseph H. Durand, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on or before the 6th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Tuesday the 6th day of March and on Wednesday the 6th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, Dec. 6, A. D. 1881. WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 15th day of December, A. D. 1881, six months from the date when I was allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of John Summer, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on or before the 15th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Monday the 15th day of March and on Tuesday the 15th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, November 15th, A. D. 1881. WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

Commissioner's Notice. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioner to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of John Hecker, late of said County, deceased, and to receive for said estate, the amount of the said estate, and to pay the same to the persons entitled to the same, and to execute the duties of said office, I hereby give notice that I will meet at the residence of Walter Webb in the township of Lyndon in said County, on Friday the 15th day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to receive and adjust said claims, and on Thursday the 10th day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to receive and adjust said claims, to be held before said Court, on Monday the 13th day of March and on Tuesday the 13th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, November 16th, A. D. 1881. HENRY TWAMLEY, Commissioner. FRANK A. BUKHART, Commissioner.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1881, six months from the date when I was allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Loreta S. Newton, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on or before the 12th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Monday the 12th day of March and on Tuesday the 12th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, December 12, A. D. 1881. WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Tuesday, the 13th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of John Morn deceased. Margaret Moran, Administratrix of said estate, having rendered into Court her report of her proceedings in her office as such Administratrix, and showing that she has paid to the persons interested in said estate, the amount of the said estate, and having prayed the Court for confirmation thereof.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Saturday, the 31st day of December, instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said report and petition for confirmation and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate be required to appear at a session of said Court then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further Ordered, that said petition be read to the persons interested in said estate, by causing a copy of the same to be published in the CHelsea HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, two successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

W. M. D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. W. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Saturday, the 24th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Michael Foster deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Edward J. Foster, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that he may be appointed executor thereof.

Thereupon it is Ordered, That Monday, the 26th day of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the devisees, legatees, and heirs at law of said estate, and all other persons interested in said estate, be required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted; and that said petition be read to the persons interested in said estate, by causing a copy of the same to be published in the CHelsea HERALD, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

W. M. D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate. W. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1881, six months from the date when I was allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Joseph H. Durand, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on or before the 6th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Tuesday the 6th day of March and on Wednesday the 6th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, Dec. 6, A. D. 1881. WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1881, six months from the date when I was allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Joseph H. Durand, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on or before the 6th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Tuesday the 6th day of March and on Wednesday the 6th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each of said days.

Dated, Ann Arbor, Dec. 6, A. D. 1881. WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN, Judge of Probate.

Notice to Creditors. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, made on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1881, six months from the date when I was allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of Joseph H. Durand, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on or before the 6th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said Court, on Tuesday the 6th day of March and on